70TH ESCVS CONGRESS & 7TH IMAD MEETING



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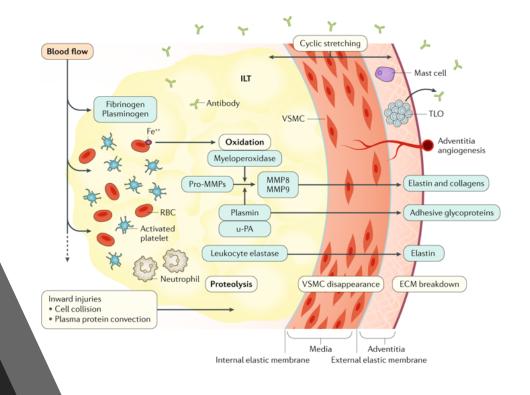
AAA – does the arterial media and adventia have different roles?

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Introduction

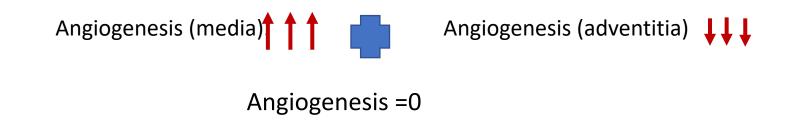
- More than 30 trials for Medical therapy of AAAs (over 10 RCTS) without any success
 - Lack understanding of key processes in AAA pathophyiology
- At least 4 Microarray studies performed to discover novel genes in AAA pathology
 - Whole aortic thickness samples used
 - Lenk et al , BMC Genomics 2007
 - Choke et al, EJVES 2009
 - Biros et al, Oncotarget 2015
 - Gäbel et al, JAHA 2017



Sakalihasan et al. Nat Dis Primers 2018

Hypothesis and Aim

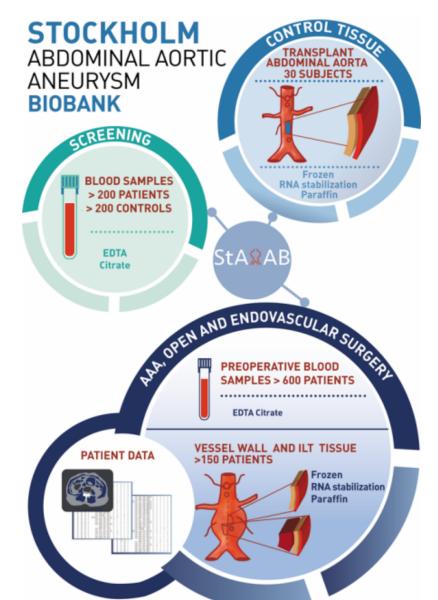
- Hypothesis
 - Processes that occur in the Adventitia and Media differ and can be hidden when whole tissue analysis is performed



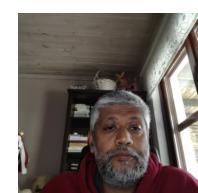
Find novel mechanisms in AAA pathology

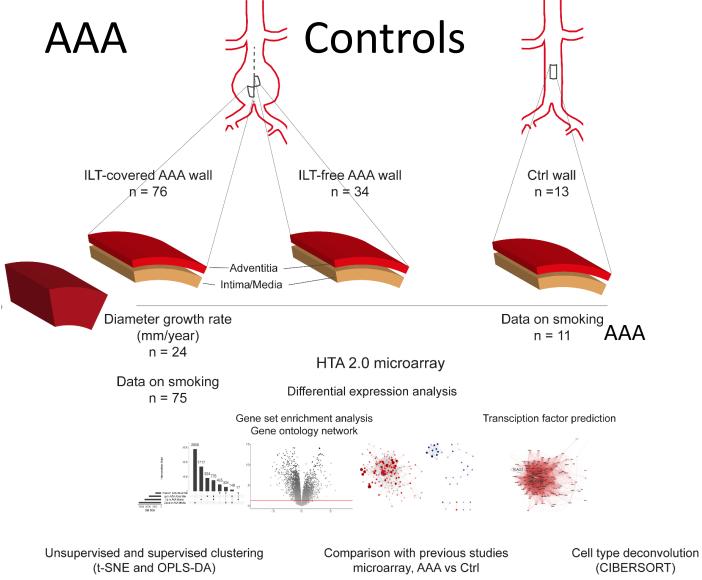
Method

- > 1000 patients
- > 250 AAA tissue samples
- Patient data
 - Age, sex
 - Comorbidities
 - Growth data (CT or US)
 - CT images





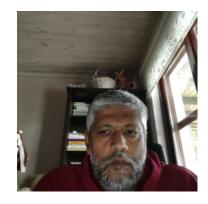


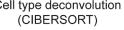


76 AAA patients

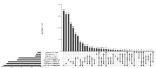
13 Control donor aortas

Total 278 samples



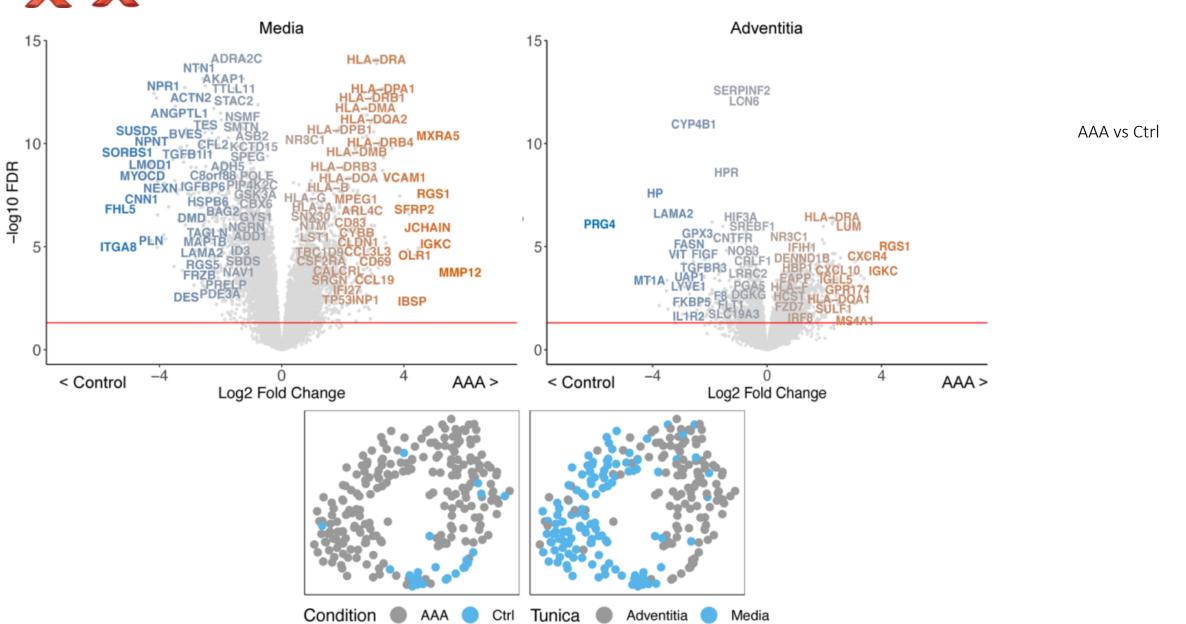


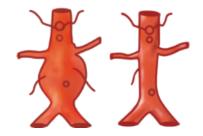






Large transcriptomic differences between AAA and Controls, as well as between Media and Adventitia





AAA vs Control

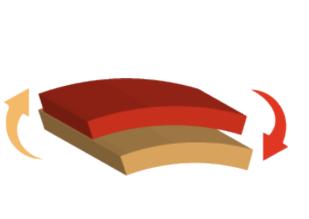
Glycosaminoglycan and Extracellular matrix assembly keratan sulfate turnover Phagocytosis Neutrophil Muscle developme Lipase and phospholipase activity Extracellular matrix turnover Muscle contraction Lipoprotein binding and receptor activity Antigen processing Differentiation and presentation MHC class II Mast cell Adhesion NK cell PI3K activity Alcohol dehydrogenase Ion channel / conduction Smooth muscle cell Adventitia Lipid metabolism Metal ion response Interleukins Chemokine, lipase, phospholipase activity MHC class II Cholestero Nucleotide-sugar Antigen processing metabolism PI3K activity Extracellular matrix

Media

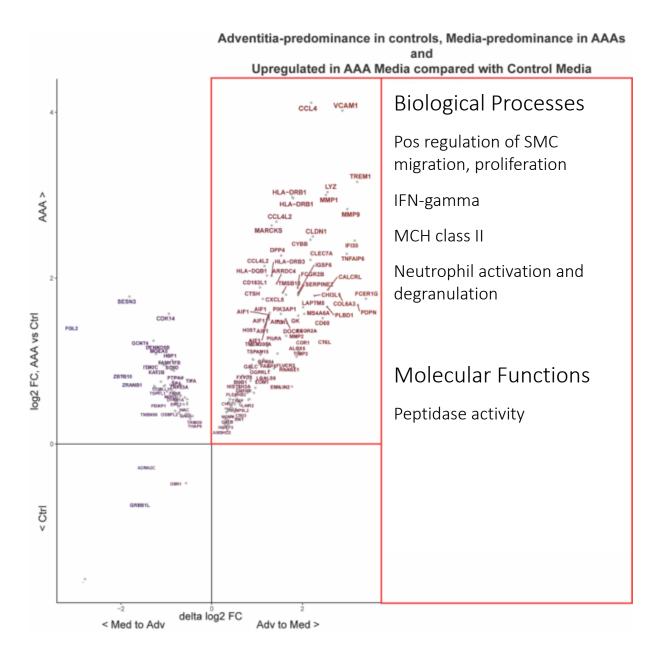
Transmural: Adaptive and Innate immunity

Media: Increased proteolysis, angiogenesis, apoptosis and Decreased muscle contraction, development, differentiation Adventitia: Decreased lipid- and metal ion response-related processes

Genes related to inflammation, proliferation of SMCs, ECM organization switched tunica predominance from Adventitia in controls to Media in AAAs

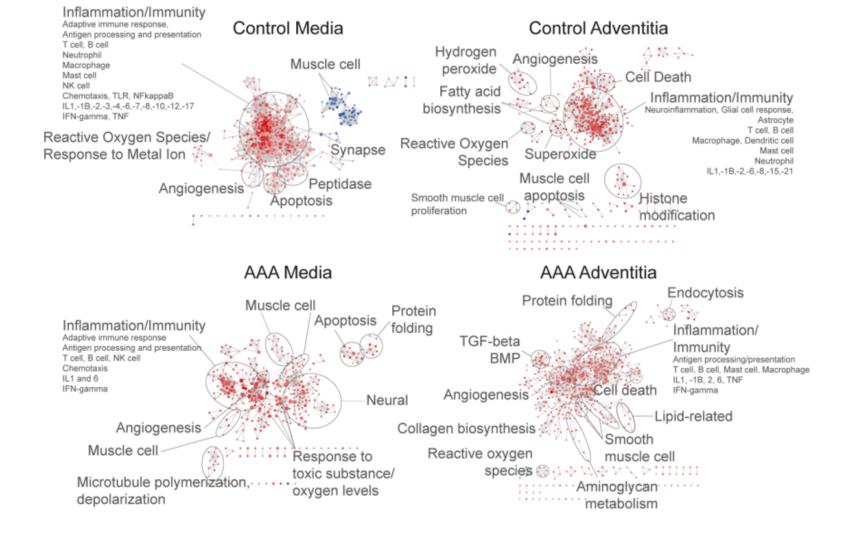


Tunica Switching





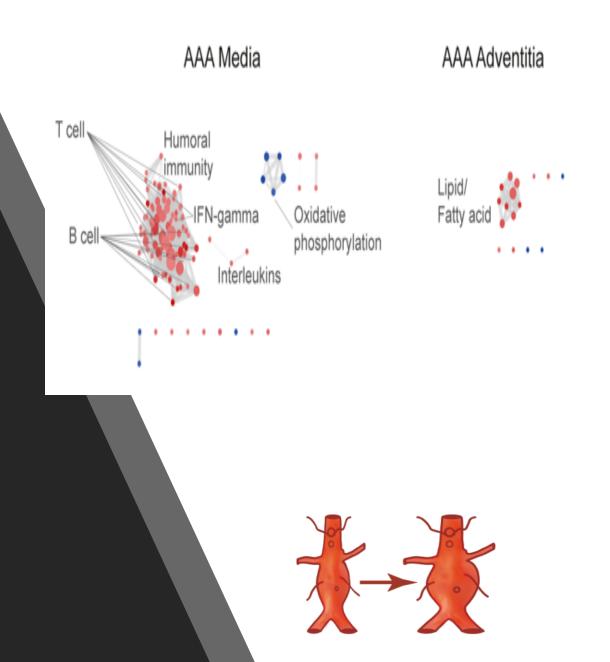
Effect of Smoking

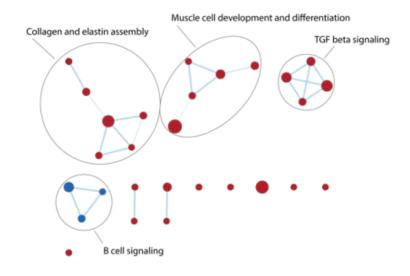


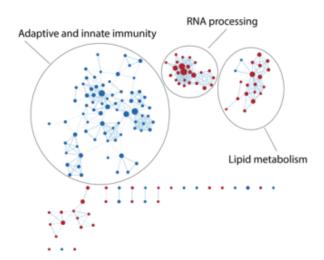
Smoking causes oxidative stress in all tissues, AAA-like transcriptome in controls and increased inflammation in AAA

AAA Growth -24 patients

 Fast diameter growth rate correlates with adaptive immunity in Media and lipid/fatty acid in Adventitia







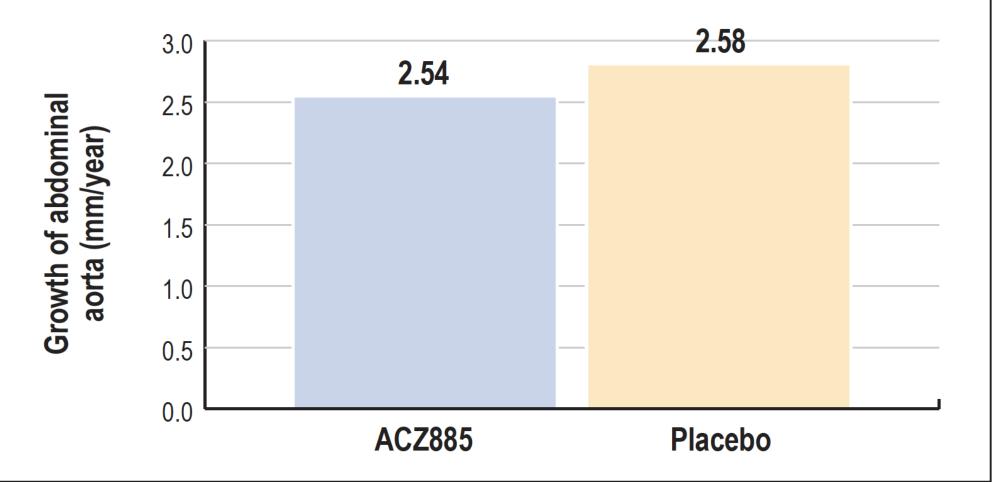


Aortic Biomechanics

Finite Element Analyis peak wall rupture risk Wall stress / Wall strength

More significant effects on the media

Growth Per Year of AAA After 12 Months of Treatment



Novartis study Left renal vein Stopped Early section

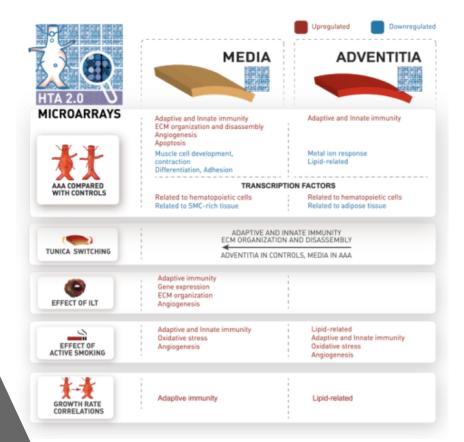
*Drug penetration

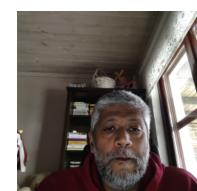
* Correct outcome



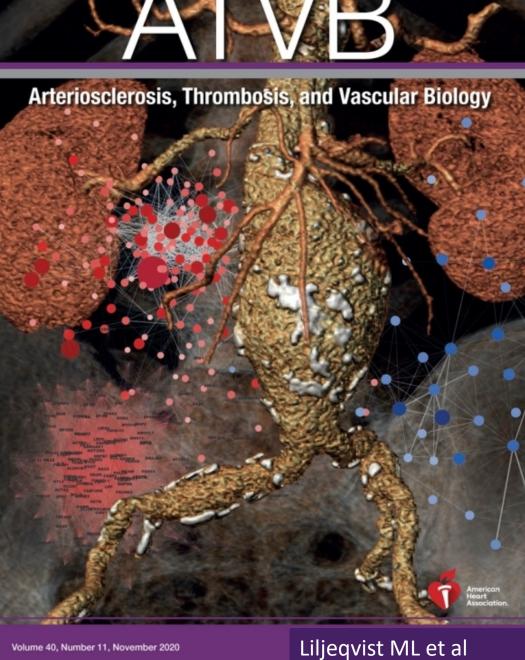
Summary

- Separate Media and Adventitia analysis can give new insights
- Smoking control aortas express "Aneurysm genes"
- Biomechanics and Gene expression











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